Klasa III BSIS

Date 3rd April

Topic: Reading.

Dziś zapracujecie na ocenę.

Celem tej lekcji jest usprawnienie Waszej umiejętności czytania ze zrozumieniem .

Należy wykonać zadania a rozwiązania przesłać na moją pocztę.

Rozwiązania zapiszcie w dowolnym edytorze tekstu i przyślijcie jako załącznik. Osoby, które nie mają takiej możliwości zapisują rozwiązania do zeszytu i wysyłają mi zdjęcie wykonanej pracy.

Zadanie :

 Przeczytaj tekst. Jest on bardzo ciekawy, ponieważ mówi o historii telewizji. Następnie wykonaj poniższe zadania. Mają one zróżnicowany poziom trudności. Jeśli wykonasz wszystkie możesz otrzymać ocenę bardzo dobrą.( Pamiętaj, iż ocena zależy też od Twojej terminowości przesyłania prac)

**Reading**

The Scottish engineer John Logie Baird is often known as ‘the father of television’ because he invented the world’s first working television system. Baird was born near Glasgow, Scotland, in 1888. He showed a keen interest in technology at an early age. By the time he was 13, he had built a telephone line which connected his house to a few friends’ houses living nearby. He was also interested in photography at that time.

He studied at the West of Scotland Technical College and then continued his education at Glasgow University. Unfortunately, he did not complete his studies there. When the 1st World War began in 1914, Baird served as an engineer for the Clyde Valley Electrical Power Company. After the War, partly because of his bad health, Baird moved to England and began developing a television system which had been the dream of a number of engineers and scientists for many years.

The first successful step in his work on developing TV came in 1923. In the town of Hastings on the south coast of England, Baird transmitted a moving image for the first time. A year later, while he was experimenting in his workshop, he got a 1,000-volt electric shock. Luckily, he survived this with only a burnt hand. Then, in 1925, he transmitted the world’s first television picture. In 1927, Baird sent a longdistance television signal using telephone lines from London to Glasgow, a distance of 438 miles (705 kilometres) and, the following year, he sent a picture from London to New York. In the same year, the Baird Television Development Company made the first television programme for the BBC. However, in the 1930s, Baird’s mechanical system was quickly losing out to Marconi’s electronic system. A test performed by the BBC in 1935 showed that electronic systems were more effective. As a result, the company completely stopped using his system two years later. Despite this, Baird continued his work and helped to develop colour TV, and even invented an early form of three-dimensional television, which only came to full use 60 years after Baird’s death.

**1. Read the text and write full answers to the questions.**

1. Why is John Logie Baird called the ‘father of television’? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
2. What did John Logie Baird do during the 1st World War? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
3. What did Baird manage to do in 1923 in Hastings? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
4. What happened in 1928? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
5. What did the BBC test in 1935 show (prove)? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**2. Read the text and circle T (true) or F (false).**

1. Baird is known as the ‘father of technology’. **T / F**
2. Baird was interested in television as a young man. **T / F**
3. Baird transmitted the first television picture in 1925. **T / F**
4. Baird used telephone lines to send a long-distance TV signal. **T / F**
5. Baird didn’t work on colour television. **T / F**
6. **Read the text and choose the correct answers.**

**1** Baird is known as the ‘father of television’ because he invented the first \_\_.

 **a)** TV camera

**b)** TV system

 **c)** TV set

**2** When the war started, Baird \_\_.

**a)** was building a telephone line

**b)** was living in England

**c)** was studying at Glasgow University

 **3** When he got an electric shock, Baird \_\_.

**a)** hurt a part of his body

**b)** lost his hand

**c)** had his TV set burnt

 **4** Baird sent a picture from London to New York in \_\_.

**a)** 1926

**b)** 1927

**c)** 1928

 **5** In the summer of 1946, Baird was planning to \_\_.

**a)** develop colour television

**b)** work on a video recording system

**c)** show a victory parade

Przypominam, że w tego typu zadaniach nie musisz rozumieć całej treści tekstu. Korzystaj z dostępnych słowników i translatorów.

Na odpowiedzi czekam do końca dnia. Pozdrawiam Iza Jakubowska